Triacs BT136S series

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Passivated triacs in a plastic envelope, suitable for surface mounting, intended for use in applications requiring high bidirectional transient and blocking voltage capability and high thermal cycling performance. Typical applications include motor control, industrial and domestic lighting, heating and static switching.

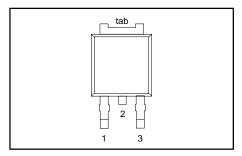
QUICK REFERENCE DATA

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MAX.	MAX.	UNIT
	BT136S - BT136S -	600 600F	800 800F	
V_{DRM}	Repetitive peak off-state voltages	600	800	V
I _{T(RMS)} I _{TSM}	RMS on-state current Non-repetitive peak on-state current	4 25	4 25	A A

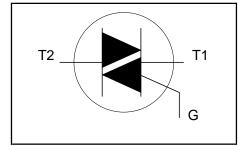
PINNING - SOT428

PIN	DESCRIPTION			
1	MT1			
2	MT2			
3	gate			
tab	MT2			

PIN CONFIGURATION



SYMBOL



LIMITING VALUES

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	. MAX.		UNIT
V_{DRM}	Repetitive peak off-state voltages		-	-600 600 ¹	-800 800	V
I _{T(RMS)} I _{TSM}	RMS on-state current Non-repetitive peak on-state current	full sine wave; $T_{mb} \le 107 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ full sine wave; $T_{j} = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ prior to surge	-	4		A
		t = 20 ms t = 16.7 ms	-	2:	7	A A
l²t dl _⊤ /dt	I ² t for fusing Repetitive rate of rise of on-state current after	t = 10 ms $ t_{TM} = 6 \text{ A}; t_{G} = 0.2 \text{ A};$ $ dt_{G}/dt = 0.2 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	3.	1	A ² s
	triggering	T2+ G+ T2+ G- T2- G-	- - -	50 50 50	0 0	A/μs A/μs A/μs
I _{GM} V _{GM} P _{GM}	Peak gate current Peak gate voltage Peak gate power	T2- G+	- - -	10 2 5 5	<u> </u>	A/μs A V W
P _{G(AV)} T _{stg}	Average gate power Storage temperature Operating junction temperature	over any 20 ms period	- -40 -	0. 15 12	50	Ç Ç

¹ Although not recommended, off-state voltages up to 800V may be applied without damage, but the triac may switch to the on-state. The rate of rise of current should not exceed 3 A/µs.

Triacs BT136S series

THERMAL RESISTANCES

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
	Thermal resistance	full cycle	-	-	3.0	K/W
R _{th j-a}	Thermal resistance	half cycle pcb (FR4) mounted; footprint as in Fig.14	-	- 75	3.7 -	K/W K/W
	junction to ambient					

STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_i = 25$ °C unless otherwise stated

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		UNIT
I _{GT}	Gate trigger current	BT136S- $V_D = 12 \text{ V}; I_T = 0.1 \text{ A}$				F	
		T2+ G+ T2+ G-	-	5 8	35 35	25 25	mA mA
		T2- G- T2- G+	-	11 30	35 70	25 70	mA mA
I _L	Latching current	$V_D = 12 \text{ V}; I_{GT} = 0.1 \text{ A}$ T2 + G+	-	7	20	20	mĄ
		T2+ G- T2- G-	-	16 5	30 20	30 20	mA mA
I _H	Holding current	$V_D = 12 \text{ V}; I_{GT} = 0.1 \text{ A}$	-	5	30 15	30 15	mA mA
V_{T}	On-state voltage Gate trigger voltage	$I_T = 5 \text{ A}$ $V_D = 12 \text{ V}; I_T = 0.1 \text{ A}$ $V_D = 400 \text{ V}; I_T = 0.1 \text{ A};$	- - 0.25	1.4 0.7 0.4		70 .5 -	V V V
I _D	Off-state leakage current	$ \begin{aligned} & T_i = 125 \text{ °C} \\ & V_D = V_{DRM(max)}; \\ & T_j = 125 \text{ °C} \end{aligned} $	-	0.1	0	.5	mA

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

T_i = 25 °C unless otherwise stated

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MI	N.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
dV _D /dt	Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage	BT136S (or BT136M)- $V_{DM} = 67\% V_{DRM(max)};$ $T_i = 125 ^{\circ}C$; exponential	 100	F 50	250	-	V/μs
dV _{com} /dt	Critical rate of change of commutating voltage	waveform; gate open circuit $V_{DM} = 400 \text{ V}; T_j = 95 ^{\circ}\text{C};$ $I_{T(RMS)} = 4 \text{ A};$ $dI_{com}/dt = 1.8 \text{ A/ms};$ gate	-	-	50	-	V/μs
\mathbf{t}_{gt}	Gate controlled turn-on time	open circuit $I_{TM} = 6 \text{ A}$; $V_D = V_{DRM(max)}$; $I_G = 0.1 \text{ A}$; $dI_G/dt = 5 \text{ A}/\mu s$	-	-	2	-	μs

Triacs BT136S series

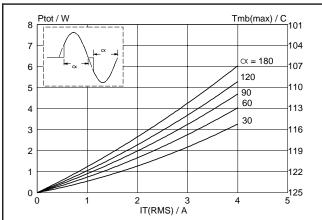


Fig.1. Maximum on-state dissipation, P_{tot} , versus rms on-state current, $I_{T(RMS)}$, where $\alpha =$ conduction angle.

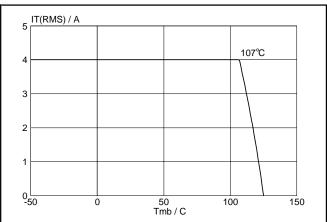


Fig.4. Maximum permissible rms current $I_{T(RMS)}$, versus mounting base temperature T_{mb} .

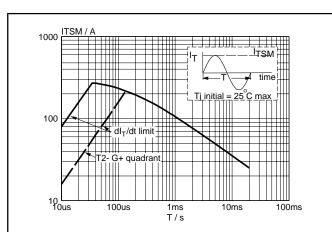


Fig.2. Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak on-state current I_{TSM} , versus pulse width t_p , for sinusoidal currents, $t_p \le 20$ ms.

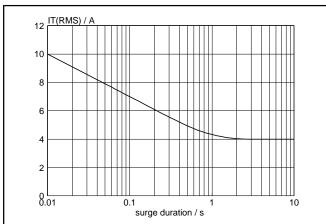


Fig.5. Maximum permissible repetitive rms on-state current $I_{T(RMS)}$, versus surge duration, for sinusoidal currents, f = 50 Hz; $T_{mb} \le 107$ °C.

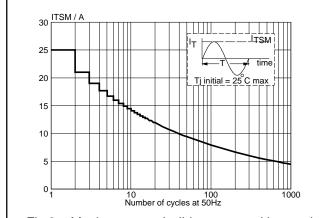


Fig.3. Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak on-state current I_{TSM} , versus number of cycles, for sinusoidal currents, f = 50 Hz.

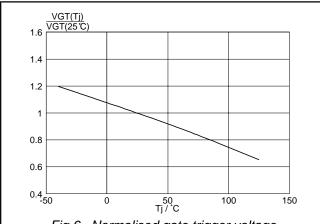
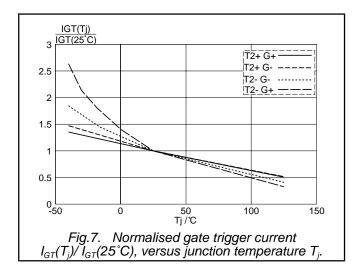
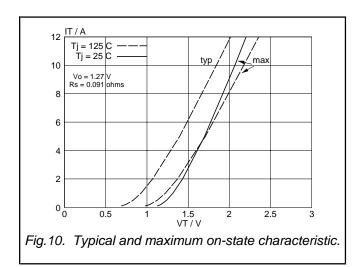
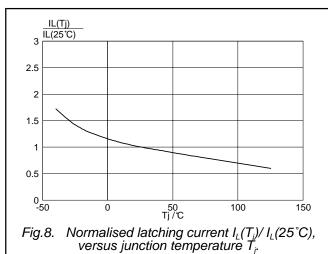


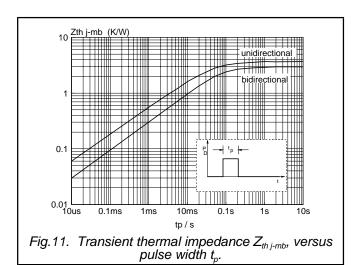
Fig.6. Normalised gate trigger voltage $V_{GT}(T_j)/V_{GT}(25^{\circ}C)$, versus junction temperature T_j .

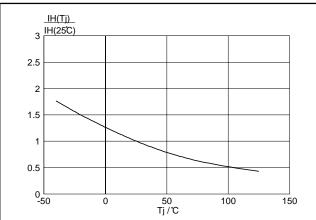
Triacs BT136S series











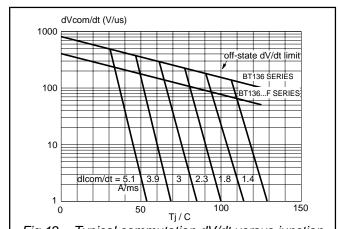
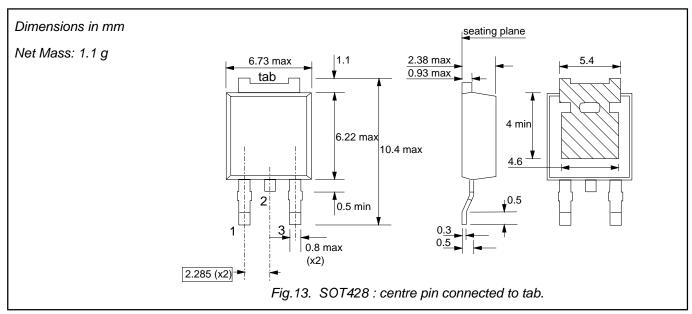


Fig.9. Normalised holding current $I_H(T_i)/I_H(25^{\circ}\text{C})$, versus junction temperature T_i .

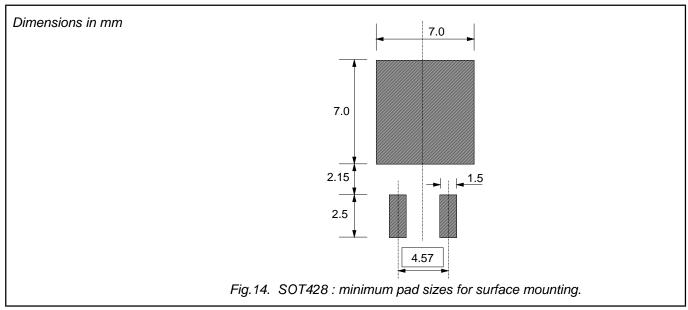
Fig. 12. Typical commutation dV/dt versus junction temperature, parameter commutation dl_{τ}/dt . The triac should commutate when the dV/dt is below the value on the appropriate curve for pre-commutation dl_{τ}/dt .

Triacs BT136S series

MECHANICAL DATA



MOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS



Notes

1. Plastic meets UL94 V0 at 1/8".

Triacs BT136S series

DEFINITIONS

DATA SHEET STATUS					
PRODUCT STATUS ³	DEFINITIONS				
Development	This data sheet contains data from the objective specification for product development. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification in any manner without notice				
Qualification	This data sheet contains data from the preliminary specification. Supplementary data will be published at a later date. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification without notice, in ordere to improve the design and supply the best possible product				
Production	This data sheet contains data from the product specification. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes at any time in order to improve the design, manufacturing and supply. Changes will be communicated according to the Customer Product/Process Change Notification (CPCN) procedure SNW-SQ-650A				
	PRODUCT STATUS ³ Development Qualification				

Limiting values

Limiting values are given in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Application information

Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.

© Philips Electronics N.V. 2001

All rights are reserved. Reproduction in whole or in part is prohibited without the prior written consent of the copyright owner.

The information presented in this document does not form part of any quotation or contract, it is believed to be accurate and reliable and may be changed without notice. No liability will be accepted by the publisher for any consequence of its use. Publication thereof does not convey nor imply any license under patent or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

LIFE SUPPORT APPLICATIONS

These products are not designed for use in life support appliances, devices or systems where malfunction of these products can be reasonably expected to result in personal injury. Philips customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Philips for any damages resulting from such improper use or sale.

² Please consult the most recently issued datasheet before initiating or completing a design.

³ The product status of the device(s) described in this datasheet may have changed since this datasheet was published. The latest information is available on the Internet at URL http://www.semiconductors.philips.com.