

Power line chokes

Current-compensated D core double chokes 250 V AC, 0.35 ... 1.8 A, 3.3 ... 100 mH, +40 °C

Series/Type: B82731M/H

Date: July 2012



Power line chokes B82731M/H

Current-compensated D core double chokes

Rated voltage 250 V AC Rated current 0.35 ... 1.8 A Rated inductance 3.3 ... 100 mH

Construction

- Current-compensated double choke
- Closed rectangular ferrite core
- Closed polycarbonate coil former (UL 94 V-0)
- Without encapsulation
- 2-section winding
- Clearance and creepage distances ≥ 3 mm

Features

- High resonance frequency due to 2-section winding
- Approx. 1% stray inductance for symmetrical interference suppression
- Low leakage due to closed core shape
- High pulse strength
- Low whirring noise
- Suitable for wave soldering
- Design complies with EN 60938-2 (VDE 0565-2) and UL 1283
- UL¹) and ENEC (VDE) approvals
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- Recyclable owing to omission of encapsulation and glue
- RoHS-compatible

Applications

- Suppression of common-mode interferences
- Compact switch-mode power applications
- Electronic ballasts in lamps

Terminals

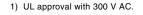
- Base material CuNi187n20
- Layer composition Ni, Sn
- Hot-dipped
- Pins 0.6 × 0.6 (mm)
- Lead spacing 10 × 12.5 (mm)

Marking

- B82731M: Manufacturer, rated inductance, rated current, ordering code, approval symbols, date of manufacture (WWYY)
- B82731H: Manufacturer, ordering code

Delivery mode

Blister tray in cardboard box





B82731M



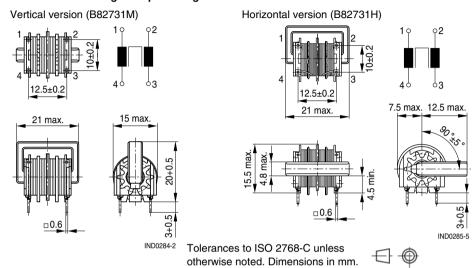
B82731H



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Dimensional drawings and pin configurations



Technical data and measuring conditions

250 V AC (50/60 Hz)			
1500 V AC, 2 s (line/line)			
+40 °C			
Referred to 50 Hz and rated temperature			
Measured with Agilent 4284A at 10 kHz, 0.1 mA, +20 °C. Inductance is specified per winding.			
-30/+50% at +20 °C			
< 10% at DC magnetic bias with I _R , +20 °C			
Measured with Agilent 4284A at 10 kHz, 5 mA, +20 °C, typ. values			
Measured at +20 °C, typical values, specified per winding			
Sn96.5Ag3.0Cu0.5: +(245 ±5) °C, (3 ±0.3) s			
Wetting of soldering area ≥ 95%			
(to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta)			
+(260 ±5) °C, (10 ±1) s			
(to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb)			
40/125/56 (to IEC 60068-1)			
–25 °C +40 °C, ≤ 75% RH			
Approx. 8 g			
EN 60938-2, UL 1283			



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Characteristics and ordering codes

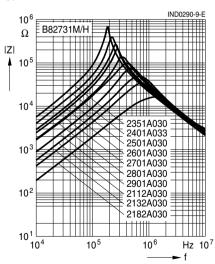
I _R	L _R	L _{stray,typ}	R _{typ}	Ordering code		Approv	vals
Α	mH	μΗ	mΩ	Vertical version	Horizontal version	10	<i>71</i> 2
0.35	100	1000	4500	B82731M2351A030	B82731H2351A030	×	×
0.4	68	700	3000	B82731M2401A033	B82731H2401A033	×	×
0.5	47	470	2000	B82731M2501A030	B82731H2501A030	×	×
0.6	39	390	1500	B82731M2601A030	B82731H2601A030	×	×
0.7	27	270	1000	B82731M2701A030	B82731H2701A030	×	×
0.8	22	220	800	B82731M2801A030	B82731H2801A030	×	×
0.9	15	150	600	B82731M2901A030	B82731H2901A030	×	×
1.1	10	100	400	B82731M2112A030	B82731H2112A030	×	×
1.3	6.8	70	280	B82731M2132A030	B82731H2132A030	×	×
1.8	3.3	35	140	B82731M2182A030	B82731H2182A030	×	×

x = approval granted

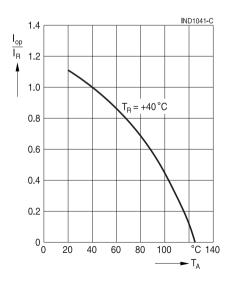
Sample kit available. Ordering code: B82731X001 For more information refer to chapter "Sample kits".

Impedance |Z| versus frequency f

measured with windings in parallel at +20 °C, typical values



Current derating I_{op}/I_R versus ambient temperature T_A





Cautions and warnings

Current-compensated ring core double chokes

- Please note the recommendations in our Inductors data book (latest edition) and in the data sheets.
 - Particular attention should be paid to the derating curves given there. Derating must be applied
 in case the ambient temperature in the application exceeds the rated temperature of the
 component.
 - Ensure the operation temperature (which is the sum of the ambient temperature and the temperature rise caused by losses / self-heating) of the component in the application does not exceed the maximum value specified in the climatic category.
 - The soldering conditions should also be observed. Temperatures quoted in relation to wave soldering refer to the pin, not the housing.
- If the components are to be washed varnished it is necessary to check whether the washing varnish agent that is used has a negative effect on the wire insulation, any plastics that are used, or on glued joints. In particular, it is possible for washing varnish agent residues to have a negative effect in the long-term on wire insulation.
 - Washing processes may damage the product due to the possible static or cyclic mechanical loads (e.g. ultrasonic cleaning). They may cause cracks to develop on the product and its parts, which might lead to reduced reliability or lifetime.
- The following points must be observed if the components are potted in customer applications:
 - Many potting materials shrink as they harden. They therefore exert a pressure on the plastic housing or core. This pressure can have a deleterious effect on electrical properties, and in extreme cases can damage the core or plastic housing mechanically.
 - It is necessary to check whether the potting material used attacks or destroys the wire insulation, plastics or glue.
 - The effect of the potting material can change the high-frequency behaviour of the components.
- Ferrites are sensitive to direct impact. This can cause the core material to flake, or lead to breakage of the core.
- Even for customer-specific products, conclusive validation of the component in the circuit can only be carried out by the customer.



Important notes

Current-compensated ring core double chokes

The following applies to all products named in this publication:

- 1. Some parts of this publication contain statements about the suitability of our products for certain areas of application. These statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on our products in the areas of application concerned. We nevertheless expressly point out that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our products for a particular customer application. As a rule, EPCOS is either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always ultimately incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether an EPCOS product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular customer application.
- 2. We also point out that in individual cases, a malfunction of electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified. In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of an electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or life-saving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of an electronic component.
- 3. The warnings, cautions and product-specific notes must be observed.
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