

CBT-90 LEDs



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Features:

• Extremely high optical output:

Over 2,250 White Lumens Over 1,800 Green lumens Over 650 Blue Lumens

- High thermal conductivity package junction to heat sink thermal resistance of only 0.92°C/W
- Large, monolithic chip with uniform emitting area of 9 mm²
- Unencapsulated die with low profile protective window optimizes optical coupling in etendue-limited applications
- Lumen maintenance of greater than 70% after 60,000 hours
- Environmentally friendly: RoHS and Halogen compliant

Applications

- Fiber-coupled Illumination
- Architectural and Entertainment Lighting
- Medical Lighting
- Machine Vision
- Microscopy

- Displays and Signage
- General Illumination
- Spot Lighting
- Emergency Vehicle Lighting
- Projection Systems



Technology Overview

Luminus LEDs[™] benefit from a suite of innovations in the fields of chip technology, packaging and thermal management. These breakthroughs allow illumination engineers and designers to achieve solutions that are high brightness and high efficiency.

LED Technology

Luminus LED[™] technology enables large area LED chips with uniform brightness over the entire LED chip surface. The optical power and brightness produced by these large monolithic chips enable solutions which replace arc and halogen lamps where arrays of traditional high power LEDs cannot.

Packaging Technology

Thermal management is critical in high power LED applications. With a thermal resistance from junction to heat sink of 0.92° C/W, Luminus CBT-90 LEDs have the lowest thermal resistance of any LED on the market. This allows the LED to be driven at higher current densities while maintaining a low junction temperature, thereby resulting in brighter solutions and longer lifetimes.

Reliability

Luminus LEDs are one of the most reliable light sources in the world today. LEDs have passed a rigorous suite of environmental and mechanical stress tests, including mechanical shock, vibration, temperature cycling and humidity, and have been fully qualified for use in extreme high power and high current applications. With very low failure rates and median lifetimes that typically exceed 60,000 hours, Luminus LEDs are ready for even the most demanding applications. (Refer to Luminus' Reliability application note for more information.)

Environmental Benefits

Luminus LEDs help reduce power consumption and the amount of hazardous waste entering the environment. All LED products manufactured by Luminus are RoHS and REACH compliant and free of hazardous materials, including lead and mercury.

Luminus LED Test Specifications

Every Luminus LED is fully tested to ensure that it meets the high quality standards expected from Luminus' products.

Testing Temperature

Luminus core board products are measured in an equivalent way the devices will operate in a system. The device is mounted on a 40°C heat sink and allowed to reach thermal equilibrium under full power. The measurement is taken after equilibrium is reached. This method of measurement ensures that Luminus LEDs perform in the field just as they are specified.

Specification Measurement Condition (9A, 13.5 A)

The tables on the following pages provide typical optical and electrical characteristics measured at 9A for white, 13.5A for Green and Blue. The associated junction temperature is $T_J = 70$ °C for white and $T_J = 75 \circ -90 \circ$ C for GB. The CBT-90 can be operated over a wide range of current drive conditions from 200mA to 18A and duty cycle from <1% to 100%).



CBT-90 White Binning Structure

CBT-90 white LEDs are tested for luminous flux and chromaticity at a drive current of 9.0 A (1.0 A/mm²) and placed into one of the following luminous flux (FF) and chromaticity (WW) bins:

Color	Flux Bin (FF)	Minimum Flux (lm) at 9.0A	Maximum Flux (lm) at 9.0A
	MA	1,380	1,485
	MB	1,485	1,590
W65S	NA	1,590	1,710
6500K, Standard CRI (typ. 70)	NB	1,710	1,830
	PA	1,830	1,966
	РВ	1,966	2,100
	KA	1,080	1,120
W57H	КВ	1,120	1,200
5700K, High CRI (typ. 92)	LA	1,200	1,290
	LB	1,290	1,380

*Note: Luminus maintains a +/- 6% tolerance on flux measurements.

Luminus maintains a +/- 2% tolerance on CRI measurements.

Chromaticity Bins

Luminus' Standard Chromaticity Bins: 1931 CIE Curve





CBT-90 White Chromaticity Bins

The following tables describe the four chromaticity points that bound each chromaticity bin. Chromaticity bins are grouped together based on the color temperature.

6500K Chromaticity Bins			
Bin Code (WW)	CIEx	CIEy	
	0.307	0.311	
DG	0.322	0.326	
	0.323	0.316	
	0.309	0.302	
	0.305	0.321	
F3*	0.313	0.329	
ГЭ	0.315	0.319	
	0.307	0.311	
	0.303	0.330	
F 4¥	0.312	0.339	
F4*	0.313	0.329	
	0.305	0.321	
	0.313	0.329	
C2 *	0.321	0.337	
G3*	0.322	0.326	
	0.315	0.319	
	0.312	0.339	
C 4×	0.321	0.348	
G4*	0.321	0.337	
	0.313	0.329	
	0.302	0.335	
	0.320	0.354	
EF	0.321	0.348	
	0.303	0.330	
	0.283	0.304	
5-	0.303	0.330	
DE	0.307	0.311	
	0.289	0.293	
	0.289	0.293	
55	0.307	0.311	
DF	0.309	0.302	
	0.293	0.285	

570	5700K Chromaticity Bins				
Bin Code (WW)	CIEx	CIEy			
	0.322	0.324			
LD	0.337	0.337			
	0.336	0.326			
	0.323	0.314			
	0.321	0.335			
112*	0.329	0.342			
H3*	0.329	0.331			
	0.322	0.324			
	0.321	0.346			
114*	0.329	0.354			
H4*	0.329	0.342			
	0.321	0.335			
	0.329	0.342			
12*	0.337	0.349			
J3*	0.337	0.337			
	0.330	0.331			
	0.329	0.354			
14×	0.338	0.362			
J4*	0.337	0.349			
	0.329	0.342			
	0.320	0.352			
FU	0.338	0.368			
EH	0.338	0.362			
	0.321	0.346			

*Sub-bins within ANSI defined quadrangles per ANSI C78.377-2008



CBT-90 Green/Blue Bin Structure

All CBT-90 monochromatic LEDs are tested for luminous flux/ dominant wavelength and placed into one of the following flux/ wave length bins. The binning structure is universally applied across each monochromatic color of the CBT-90 product line. Consult the local sales person for the available flux/ wavelength bins for the product:

Color	Luminous Flux Bin (FF)	Minumum Flux (lm) @ 13.5A	Maximum Flux (lm) @ 13.5A
Cross	СК	1,500	2,000
Green	СМ	2,000	2,300
	DJ	250	350
Blue	DK	350	450
	DM	450	575

Flux Bins (T₁; Green =90°C, Blue =80°C)

Dominant Wavelength Bins

Color	Wavelength Bin (FF)	Minumum Wavelength @ 13.5A	Maximum Wavelength @ 13.5A
	G4	520	525
Crear	G5	525	530
Green	G6	530	535
	G7	535	540
	B4	450	455
Dive	B5	455	460
Blue	B6	460	465
	B7	465	470

*Note: Luminus maintains a +/- 6% tolerance on flux measurements.



Product Shipping & Labeling Information

All CBT-90 products are packaged and labeled with their respective bin as outlined in the tables and charts on pages 3, 4. & 5. When shipped, each package will only contain one bin. The part number designation is as follows:

CBT-90 White					
CBT –	- 90 -	– WNNX –	— C 11 —	– FF –	— ww
Product Family	Chip Area	Color	Package Configuration	Flux Bin	Chromaticity Bin
CBT: Chip on Board (window)	90: 9.0 mm ²	CCT & CRI See Note 1 below	Internal Code	See page 3 for bins	See page 4 for bins

Note 1: WNNX nomenclature corresponds to the following: W = White NN = color temperature, where: 65 corresponds to 6500K

X = color rendering index, where:

S (standard) corresponds to a typical CRI of 70

H (High) corresponds to a typical CRI of 92

Example 1:

The part label CBT-90-W65S-C11-NA-G4 refers to a 6500K standard CRI white, CBT-90 emitter, with a flux range from 1,590 to 1,710 lumens and a chromaticity value within the box defined by the four points (0.313, 0.329), (0.321, 0.337), (0.321, 0.348), (0.312, 0.339).

	CBT-90 Green/Blue ²					
CBT –	- 90 -	— X –	— C11 —	– FF –	– WW	
Product Family	Chip Area	Color	Package Configuration	Flux Bin	Wavelength Bin	
CBT: Chip on Board (window)	90: 9.0 mm²	G: Green B: Blue	Internal Code	See page 5 for bins	See page 5 for bins	

Note 2: X nomenclature corresponds to the following:

G = Green

B = Blue

Example 2:

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The part number CBT-90-B-C11-DK-B6 refers to a blue, CBT-90 module, with a flux range 350-400 lumens and a wavelength range 460 nm to 465 nm.



CBT-90 White Electrical Characteristics¹

Optical and Electrical Characteristics (T₁ = 70 °C)

Drive Condition ²		9.0 A Continuous	
Parameter	Symbol	Values at Test Currents	Unit
Current Density	j	1.0	A/mm ²
	V _{F, min}	2.9	V
Forward Voltage	V _{F, typ}	3.3	V
	$V_{F, max}$	3.8	V

Common Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values	Unit
Emitting Area		9.0	mm ²
Emitting Area Dimensions		3 x 3	mm×mm
Color Temperature ³	ССТ	6,500	К
Color Rendering Index ⁴ (Typical)	R _a	72	
Forward Voltage Temperature Coefficient ⁵		-5.47	mV/ºC

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Values	Unit
Maximum Current ⁶		18	А
Maximum Junction Temperature ⁷	T _{j-max}	150	°C
Storage Temperature Range		-40/+100	°C

Note 1: All measured values are with a constant heat sink temperature $T_{heatsinks} = 40^{\circ}$ C.

Note 2: CBT-90 white devices can be driven at currents ranging from 1A to 18A and at duty cycles ranging from 1% to 100%. Drive current and duty cycle should be adjusted as necessary to maintain the junction temperature desired to meet application lifetime requirements.

Note 3: CCT value based off of CIE measurement. CIE measurement uncertainty for white devices is estimated to be +/-0.01.

Note 4: Color Rendering Index (CRI) is measured to within + or - 2.

Note 5: Forward voltage temperature coefficient at current density of 1.0 A/mm². Contact Luminus for value at other drive conditions.

Note 6: CBT-90 White LEDs are designed for operation to an absolute maximum forward drive current density of 2.0 A/mm². Product lifetime data is specified at recommended forward drive currents.

Note 7: Lifetime dependent on LED junction temperature. Input power and thermal system must be properly managed to ensure lifetime. See charts on pg 8 for further information.

Note 8: Special design considerations must be observed for operation under 1 A. Please contact Luminus for further information.





Relative Output Flux vs. Forward Current 1.8 1.6 1.4 Flux 1.2 Luminous 1 0.8 Relativ 0.6 0.4 0.2 0 0 12 15 18 3 6 9 Current (A) Mean Lifetime¹ 160 **ဂ္ဂ** 140 120 **Device Junction Temperature** 80 60 40 20 20 0 10000 100000 1000 Median Lifetime Extrapolation (Hours) **Typical Spectrum³**





Lumen Maintenance vs. Time²



Current Derating Curve



- Note 1: Mean expected lifetime in dependence of junction temperature at 1.0 A/mm² in continuous operation. Lifetime defined as time to 70% of initial intensity. Based on lifetime test data. Data can be used to model failure rate over typical product lifetime (contact Luminus for lifetime reliability test data for 1A/mm² condition).
- Note 2: Lumen maintenance in dependence of time at 1.0 A/mm² in continuous operation with junction temperatures of 130 °C.
- Note 3: Typical spectrum at current density of 1.0 A/mm² in continuous operation.



CBT-90 Green/Blue Optical & Electrical Characteristics

(T, = 90°C)¹ Green 13.5 A **Drive Condition²** Continuous Parameter Symbol Values⁴ Unit J 1.5 A/mm² **Current Density** V_rmin 3.2 V V, 4.2 V Forward Voltage 5.2 V V_r max Φν Luminous Flux³ 2,150 Im Radiometric Flux 4.2 W Φ Luminous Efficacy 38 lm/W η Dominant Wavelength⁴ λ_{d} 530 nm λ_{p} Peak Wavelength 523 nm FWHM $\Delta\lambda_{1/2}$ 36 nm 0.192 -Chromaticity х Coordinates⁵ 0.700 У _

Relative Output Flux vs. Forward Current¹



Notes: See page 12

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Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage





CBT-90 Green/Blue Optical & Electrical Characteristics

(T₁ = 80°C)¹

	Blue		
Drive Condition ²		13.5 A Continuous	
Parameter	Symbol	Values ⁴	Unit
Current Density	L	1.5	A/mm ²
	V _{Emin}	2.8	V
Forward Voltage	V _f	3.4	V
-	V _{F max}	4.0	V
Luminous Flux ³	Φ _{V typ}	425	lm
Radiometric Flux	Φ _r	9.5	W
Luminous Efficacy	η	10	lm/W
Dominant Wavelength ⁴	λ _d	460	nm
Peak Wavelength	λ _p	455	nm
FWHM	Δλ _{1/2}	20	nm
Chromaticity	x	0.144	-
Coordinates	у	0.038	-

Relative Output Flux vs. Forward Current¹



Notes: See page 12

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Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage





CBT-90 Green/Blue Reference Optical & Electrical Characteristics

	Symbol	Green	Blue	Unit
Emitting Area		9.0	9.0	mm²
Emitting Area Dimensions		3.0x3.0	3.0x3.0	mmxmm
Thermal Coefficient of Photometric Flux		-0.18	-0.007	%/ °C
Thermal Coefficient of Radiometric Flux		-0.20	-0.17	%/ °C
Thermal Coefficient of Junction Voltage ⁶		-4.6	-3.5	mV/ ⁰C

	Symbol	Green	Blue	Unit
Maximum Current		18	18	A
Maximum Junction Temperature ^{7,8}	T_{jmax}	150	150	°C
Storage Temperature Range		-40/+100	-40/+100	°C

- Note 1: All ratings are based on operation with a constant $T_{heatsink} = 40 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- Note 2: CBT-90 RGB devices can be driven at currents ranging from 200mA to 18 A and at duty cycles ranging from 1% to 100%. Drive current and duty cycle should be adjusted as necessary to maintain the junction temperature desired to meet application lifetime requirements.
- Note 3: Total flux from emitting area at listed dominant wavelength.
- Note 4: Minimum and Maximum Dominant Wavelengths are based on typical values +/- 5nm for Red, +/- 8nm for Green and +/- 6nm for Blue.
- Note 5: For reference only.
- Note 6: Forward voltage temperature coefficient at current density of 1.0 A/mm². Contact Luminus for value at other drive conditions.
- Note 7: CBT-90 G, B LEDs are designed for operation to an absolute maximum current as specified above. Product lifetime data is specified at recommended forward drive currents. Sustained operation at or beyond absolute maximum currents will result in a reduction of device lifetime compared to recommended forward drive currents. Actual device lifetimes will also depend on junction temperature. Refer to the lifetime derating curves for further information. In pulsed operation, rise time from 10-90% of forward current should be larger than 0.5 microseconds.
- Note 8: Lifetime dependent on LED junction temperature. Input power and thermal system must be properly managed to ensure lifetime. See charts on pg 13 for further information.
- Note 9: Special design considerations must be observed for operation under 1 A. Please contact Luminus for further information.
- Note 10: Caution must be taken not to stare at the light emitted from these LEDs. Under special circumstances, the high intensity could damage the eye.



CBT-90 Red/Green/Blue Lifetime and Lumen Maintenance



Median Lifetime Estimate vs. Tj¹



Relative Dominant Wavelength Shift 3 2.5 2 1.5 1 (mm) 0.5 0 -0.5 -1 -1.5 20 30 50 70 80 90 40 60 Heat Sink Temperature

Lumen Maintenance²



Typical Spectrum³



Median lifetime estimate as a function of junction temperature at 0.35A/mm² in continuous operation. Lifetime defined as time to Note 1: 70% of initial intensity. Based on preliminary lifetime test data. Data can be used to model failure rate over typical product lifetime.

- Lumen maintenance vs. time at 0.35A/mm² in continuous operation, Red junction temperature of 70°C, Green junction temperatures Note 2: of 120°C, Blue junction temperatures of 100°C.
- Typical spectrum at current density of 0.35 A/mm² in continuous operation. Note 3:



Typical Radiation Patterns







Thermal Resistance



Typical Thermal Resistance

R _{θj-b} ¹	0.80 °C/W
R _{0b-hs} 1	0.12 °C/W
R _{θj-hs} ²	0.92 °C/W
$R_{\theta j\text{-}\mathrm{ref}}^1$	0.83 °C/W

Note 1: Thermal resistance values are based on FEA model results correlated to measured R_{0j-hs} data.

Note 2: Thermal resistance is measured using eGraf 1205 thermal interface material.

Thermistor Information

The thermistor used in CBT-90 LEDs mounted on core-boards is from Murata Manufacturing Co. The global part number is NCP18XH103J03RB. Please see http://www.murata.com/ for details on calculating thermistor temperature.

Electrical Pinout





Mechanical Dimensions – CBT-90 Emitter



DIMENSION NAME	DESCRIPTION	NOMINAL DIMENSION	TOLERANCE
"A"	TOP OF METAL SUBSTRATE TO TOP OF WINDOW	.88	±.13
"B"	TOP OF DIE EMITTING AREA TO TOP OF WINDOW	.65	±.11
"C"	TOP OF METAL SUBSTRATE TO TOP OF DIE EMITTING AREA	.23	±.02
			DWG-002309

Recommended connectors for Anode and Cathode:

- Panduit Disco Lok[™] Series P/N: DNF14-250FIB-C
- JST Manufacturing Co: SPS-61T-250

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• Thermistor Connector: MOLEX P/N 53780-0270. Recommended Female: MOLEX P/N 51146-0200 or equivalent.

• For detailed drawing please refer to DWG-001216 document



Ordering Information

Ordering Part Number ^{1,2}	Color	Description	
CBT-90-W65S-C11-NA100	6500K White	White LED™ CBT-90 consisting of a 9 mm ² LED, thermistor, and connector, mounted	
CBT-90-W57H-C11-KB200	5700K White	on a copper-core PCB	
CBT-90-G-C11-JK200	Green	Green LED [™] CBT-90 consisting of 9 mm ² LED, thermistor, and connector, mounted on a copper-core PCB.	
CBT-90-B-C11-KJ300	Blue	Blue LED [™] CBT-90 consisting of 9 mm ² LED, thermistor, and connector, mounted on a copper-core PCB.	

Note 1: NA100 - denotes a bin kit comprising of all flux bins with a minimum flux of 1,590 lumens and chromaticity bins at the 6500K color point.

- Note 2: KB200 denotes a bin kit comprising of all flux bins with a minimum flux of 1,120 lumens and chromaticity bins at the 5700K color point.
- Note 3: JK200 denotes a bin kit comprising of all green flux and wavelength bins as specified on page 5 KJ300 - denotes a bin kit comprising of all blue flux and wavelength bins as specified on page 5.
- Note 4: For ordering information on all available bin kits, please reference PDS-001694: CBT-90 Binning & Labeling document.

Note 5: Standard packaging increment (SPI) is 10.

Note 6: Red CBT-90 has been discontinued - please refer to PDS-002547 (CBT-90 Thermally Enhanced version) for information on current red porduct offering Green-C11 product has been moved to EOL Status - Please consider use of Thermally enhanced version for new design applications.

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