Product Specification Part Name: OEL Display Module Part ID: UG-2864HSWEG01 Doc No.: SAS1-9046-B Customer: Approved by From: Univision Technology Inc. Approved by Univision Technology Inc.

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Notes:

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- 2. The information contained herein is presented merely to indicate the characteristics and performance of our products. No responsibility is assumed by Univision Technology Inc. for any intellectual property claims or other problems that may result from application based on the module described herein.



Revised History

Part Number	Revision	Revision Content	Revised on
UG-2864HSWEG01	Α	New	February 17, 2009
UG-2864HSWEG01	В	Page 5~6 Section 1.6 Update Application Circuit Page 7 Section 2 Update Absolute Maximum Ratings Page 8 Section 3.1 & 3.2 Modify Brightness V_{CC} Supplied Externally (Min/Typ) 80/100 \rightarrow 100/120 V_{CC} Generated by Internal DC/DC (Min/Typ) 50/60 \rightarrow 70/90 Update DC Characteristics Page 15 Section 4.4 Update Initialization	June 5, 2009
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1. Basic Specifications

1.1 Display Specifications

- Display Mode: Passive Matrix 1)
- Display Color: 2) Monochrome (White)
- Drive Duty: 3) 1/64 Duty

1.2 Mechanical Specifications

- Outline Drawing: According to the annexed outline drawing 1)
- Number of Pixels: 128×64 2)
- 3) Panel Size: $26.70 \times 19.26 \times 1.45$ (mm)
- 21.744 × 10.864 (mm) 4) Active Area:
- **Pixel Pitch:** 5) 0.17×0.17 (mm)
- Pixel Size: 0.154×0.154 (mm) 6)
- Weight: 7) 1.54 (g)





1.4 Mechanical Drawing



The drawing contained breath is accounted on the source of the source of the source of the source of the source



1.5 Pin Definition

Pin Number	Symbol	Туре	Fu	nction				
Power Supply	y							
9	VDD	Р	<i>Power Supply for Logi</i> . This is a voltage supply external source.		nust be co	onnected to		
8	VSS	Р	<i>Ground of Logic Circuit</i> This is a ground pin. It acts as a reference for the pins. It must be connected to external ground.					
28	VCC	Р	<i>Power Supply for OEL Panel</i> This is the most positive voltage supply pin of the chip A stabilization capacitor should be connected between this pin and VSS when the converter is used. It must be connected to external source when the converter is no used.					
29	VLSS	Р	Ground of Analog Circ This is an analog ground pir externally.		ld be conne	cted to VSS		
Driver								
26 27	IREF VCOMH	I O	 Current Reference for Brightness Adjustment This pin is segment current reference pin. A resissional be connected between this pin and VSS. Set current lower than 12.5µA. Voltage Output High Level for COM Signal. This pin is the input pin for the voltage output high level for COM signals. A capacitor should be connected 					
DC/DC Converter								
DC/DC Conv	erter	1	Downer Sweenhofen DC/		ant an Cin			
6	VBAT	Р	<i>Power Supply for DC/DC Converter Circuit</i> This is the power supply pin for the internal buffer of t DC/DC voltage converter. It must be connected external source when the converter is used. It should connected to VDD when the converter is not used.					
4 / 5 2 / 3	C1P / C1N C2P / C2N	Ι	Positive Terminal of the Flying Inverting Capacitor Negative Terminal of the Flying Boost Capacitor The charge-pump capacitors are required between the terminals. They must be floated when the converter is not used.					
Interface								
			Communicating Protoc These pins are MCU inte following table:	erface sele	ction input			
10	BS0	т		BSO	BS1	BS2		
11	BS1	Ι	I2C 3-wire SPI	0		0		
12 BS2	B27		4-wire SPI	0	0	0		
			8-bit 68XX Parallel	0	0	1		
		8-bit 80XX Parallel	0	1	1			
14	RES#	Ι	Power Reset for Contro This pin is reset signal initialization of the chip is	oller and input. W	When the p	pin is low,		



1.5 Pin Definition (Continued)

Pin Number	Symbol	I/O	Function
Interface (Co	ontinued)	•	<u>.</u>
13	CS#	Ι	<i>Chip Select</i> This pin is the chip select input. The chip is enabled fo MCU communication only when CS# is pulled low.
15	D/C#	Ι	Data/Command Control This pin is Data/Command control pin. When the pin i pulled high, the input at D7~D0 is treated as display data When the pin is pulled low, the input at D7~D0 will b transferred to the command register. For detai relationship to MCU interface signals, please refer to th Timing Characteristics Diagrams. When the pin is pulled high and serial interface mode i selected, the data at SDIN is treated as data. When it i pulled low, the data at SDIN will be transferred to th command register. In I2C mode, this pin acts as SA0 fo slave address selection.
17	E/RD#	I	Read/Write Enable or Read This pin is MCU interface input. When interfacing to 68XX-series microprocessor, this pin will be used as th Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated whe this pin is pulled high and the CS# is pulled low. When connecting to an 80XX-microprocessor, this pin receives the Read (RD#) signal. Data read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled low and CS# is pulle low.
16	R/W#	Ι	Read/Write Select or Write This pin is MCU interface input. When interfacing to 68XX-series microprocessor, this pin will be used a Read/Write (R/W#) selection input. Pull this pin t "High" for read mode and pull it to "Low" for writ mode. When 80XX interface mode is selected, this pin will b the Write (WR#) input. Data write operation is initiate when this pin is pulled low and the CS# is pulled low.
18~25	D0~D7	I/O	Host Data Input/Output Bus These pins are 8-bit bi-directional data bus to b connected to the microprocessor's data bus. When seria mode is selected, D1 will be the serial data input SDII and D0 will be the serial clock input SCLK. When I20 mode is selected, D2 & D1 should be tired together an serve as SDAout & SDAin in application and D0 is th serial clock input SCL.
Reserve			
7	N.C.	-	Reserved Pin The N.C. pins between function pins are reserved for compatible and flexible design.
1, 30	N.C. (GND)	-	Reserved Pin (Supporting Pin) The supporting pins can reduce the influences from stresses on the function pins. These pins must b connected to external ground.



1.6 Block Diagram

1.6.1 V_{CC} Supplied Externally



MCU Interface Selection: BS0, BS1 and BS2 Pins connected to MCU interface: CS#, RES#, D/C#, R/W#, E/RD#, and D0~D7

C1, C3: $0.1\mu F$ C2: $2.2\mu F$ C4, C5: $4.7\mu F / 16V$, X7R R1: $560k\Omega$, R1 = (Voltage at IREF – VSS) / IREF



1.6.2 V_{CC} Generated by Internal DC/DC Circuit



MCU Interface Selection: BS0, BS1 and BS2 Pins connected to MCU interface: CS#, RES#, D/C#, R/W#, E/RD#, and D0~D7

C1, C2, C5, C6:	1μF
C3:	2.2µF
C4:	4.7μF / 16V, X7R
R1:	390k Ω , R1 = (Voltage at IREF – VSS) / IREF



2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage for Logic	V_{DD}	-0.3	4	V	1, 2
Supply Voltage for Display	V _{CC}	0	11	V	1, 2
Supply Voltage for DC/DC	V_{BAT}	-0.3	5	V	1, 2
Operating Temperature	T _{OP}	-30	70	°C	-
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	-40	80	°C	_

Note 1: All the above voltages are on the basis of "VSS = 0V".

Note 2: When this module is used beyond the above absolute maximum ratings, permanent breakage of the module may occur. Also, for normal operations, it is desirable to use this module under the conditions according to Section 3. "Optics & Electrical Characteristics". If this module is used beyond these conditions, malfunctioning of the module can occur and the reliability of the module may deteriorate.





3. Optics & Electrical Characteristics

3.1 Optics Characteristics

Characteristics	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Brightness (V _{CC} Supplied Externally)	L _{br}	With Polarizer (Note 3)	100	120	-	cd/m ²
Brightness (V _{CC} Generated by Internal DC/DC)	L _{br}	With Polarizer (Note 4)	70	90	-	cd/m ²
C.I.E. (White)	(x) (y)	Without Polarizer	0.28 0.29	0.32 0.33	0.36 0.37	
Dark Room Contrast	CR		-	>2000:1	-	
View Angle			>160	-	-	degree

* Optical measurement taken at $V_{DD} = 2.8V$, $V_{CC} = 9V$ & 7.25V.

Software configuration follows Section 4.4 Initialization.

3.2 DC Characteristics

Characteristics	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage for Logic-	-V _{DD}		1.65	2.8	3.3	V
Supply Voltage for Display (Supplied Externally)	V _{CC}	Note 3	8.5	9	9.5	V
Supply Voltage for DC/DC	V_{BAT}	Internal DC/DC Enable	3.5	-	4.2	V
Supply Voltage for Display (Generated by Internal DC/DC)	V _{CC}	Note 4	7	7.25	7.5	V
High Level Input	V _{IH}	-	$0.8 \times V_{DD}$	-	V_{DD}	V
Low Level Input	V _{IL}	-	0	-	$0.2 \times V_{DD}$	V
High Level Output	V _{OH}	$I_{OUT} = 100 \mu A, 3.3 MHz$	$0.9 \times V_{DD}$	-	V_{DD}	V
Low Level Output	V _{OL}	$I_{OUT} = 100 \mu A, 3.3 MHz$	0	-	$0.1 \times V_{DD}$	V
Operating Current for V_{DD}	I _{DD}	-	-	180	300	μA
Operating Current for V _{CC}	т	Note 5	-	7.3	9.1	mA
(V _{CC} Supplied Externally)	I _{CC}	Note 6	-	12.3	15.4	mA
Operating Current for V _{BAT}	T	Note 7	-	17.3	21.6	mA
$(V_{CC} Generated by Internal DC/DC)$	I_{BAT}	Note 8	-	23.1	28.9	mA
Sleep Mode Current for V _{DD}	I _{DD, SLEEP}	_	-	1	5	μΑ
Sleep Mode Current for V_{CC}	I _{CC, SLEEP}	-	-	1	5	μΑ

Note 3 & 4: Brightness (L_{br}) and Supply Voltage for Display (V_{CC}) are subject to the change of the panel characteristics and the customer's request.

- Note 5: $V_{DD} = 2.8V$, $V_{CC} = 9V$, 50% Display Area Turn on.
- Note 6: $V_{DD} = 2.8V$, $V_{CC} = 9V$, 100% Display Area Turn on.
- *Note 7:* $V_{DD} = 2.8V, V_{CC} = 7.25V, 50\%$ *Display Area Turn on.*
- *Note 8:* $V_{DD} = 2.8V, V_{CC} = 7.25V, 100\%$ *Display Area Turn on.*



* Software configuration follows Section 4.4 Initialization.

3.3 AC Characteristics

3.3.1 68XX-Series MPU Parallel Interface Timing Characteristics:

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t _{cycle}	Clock Cycle Time	300	-	ns
t _{AS}	Address Setup Time	0	-	ns
t _{AH}	Address Hold Time	0	-	ns
t _{DSW}	Write Data Setup Time	40	-	ns
t _{DHW}	Write Data Hold Time	7	_	ns
t _{DHR}	Read Data Hold Time	20	_	ns
t _{OH}	Output Disable Time	_	70	ns
t _{ACC}	Access Time	_	140	ns
DW	Chip Select Low Pulse Width (Read)	120		
PW _{CSL}	Chip Select Low Pulse width (Write)	60		ns
PW _{CSH}	Chip Select High Pulse Width (Read) Chip Select High Pulse Width (Write)	60 60	-	ns
t _R	Rise Time	-	40	ns
t _F	Fall Time	-	40	ns

* (V_{DD} - V_{SS} = 1.65V to 3.3V, T_a = 25°C)





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Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t _{cycle}	Clock Cycle Time	300	-	ns
t _{AS}	Address Setup Time	10	-	ns
t _{AH}	Address Hold Time	0	-	ns
t _{DSW}	Write Data Setup Time	40	-	ns
t _{DHW}	Write Data Hold Time	7	-	ns
t _{DHR}	Read Data Hold Time	20	-	ns
t _{OH}	Output Disable Time	-	70	ns
t _{ACC}	Access Time	-	140	ns
t _{PWLR}	Read Low Time	120	-	ns
$t_{\rm PWLW}$	Write Low Time	60	-	ns
t _{PWHR}	Read High Time	60	-	ns
$t_{\rm PWHW}$	Write High Time	60	-	ns
t _{CS}	Chip Select Setup Time	0	_	ns
t _{CSH}	Chip Select Hold Time to Read Signal	0	-	ns
t _{CSF}	Chip Select Hold Time	20	- /	ns
I.R.	RiseTime	- 1	40/	ns
t _F	Fall Time	_	40	ns

3.3.2 80XX-Series MPU Parallel Interface Timing Characteristics:

 $(V_{DD} - V_{SS} = 1.65 V \text{ to } 3.3 V, T_a)$ = 25°C)





3.3.3	Serial Interface	Timing	Characteristics:	(4-wire SPI)
-------	------------------	--------	------------------	--------------

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t _{cycle}	Clock Cycle Time	100	-	ns
t _{AS}	Address Setup Time	15	-	ns
t _{AH}	Address Hold Time	15	-	ns
t _{CSS}	Chip Select Setup Time	20	-	ns
t _{CSH}	Chip Select Hold Time	10	-	ns
t _{DSW}	Write Data Setup Time	15	-	ns
t _{DHW}	Write Data Hold Time	15	-	ns
t _{CLKL}	Clock Low Time	20	-	ns
t _{CLKH}	Clock High Time	20	-	ns
t _R	Rise Time	-	40	ns
t _F	Fall Time	-	40	ns

* $(V_{DD} - V_{SS} = 1.65V \text{ to } 3.3V, T_a = 25^{\circ}C)$







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3.3.4	Serial	Interface	Timing	Characteristics:	(3-wire SPI)
-------	--------	-----------	--------	------------------	--------------

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t _{cycle}	Clock Cycle Time	100	-	ns
t _{CSS}	Chip Select Setup Time	20	-	ns
t _{CSH}	Chip Select Hold Time	10	-	ns
t _{DSW}	Write Data Setup Time	15	_	ns
t _{DHW}	Write Data Hold Time	15	-	ns
t _{CLKL}	Clock Low Time	20	-	ns
t _{CLKH}	Clock High Time	20	_	ns
t _R	Rise Time	_	40	ns
t _F	Fall Time	-	40	ns

* $(V_{DD} - V_{SS} = 1.65V \text{ to } 3.3V, T_a = 25^{\circ}C)$





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Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t _{cycle}	Clock Cycle Time	2.5	-	us
t _{HSTART}	Start Condition Hold Time	0.6	-	us
+	Data Hold Time (for "SDA _{OUT} " Pin)	0		n 0
t _{HD}	Data Hold Time (for "SDA _{IN} " Pin)	300	-	ns
t _{SD}	Data Setup Time	100	-	ns
t _{sstart}	Start Condition Setup Time (Only relevant for a repeated Start condition)	0.6	-	us
t _{SSTOP}	Stop Condition Setup Time	0.6	-	us
t _R	Rise Time for Data and Clock Pin		300	ns
t _F	Fall Time for Data and Clock Pin		300	ns
t _{IDLE}	Idle Time before a New Transmission can Start	1.3	-	us

3.3.5 I²C Interface Timing Characteristics:







4. Functional Specification

4.1. Commands

Refer to the Technical Manual for the SSD1306

4.2 Power down and Power up Sequence

To protect OEL panel and extend the panel life time, the driver IC power up/down routine should include a delay period between high voltage and low voltage power sources during turn on/off. It gives the OEL panel enough time to complete the action of charge and discharge before/after the operation.

4.2.1 Power up Sequence:



4.3 Reset Circuit

When RES# input is low, the chip is initialized with the following status:

- 1. Display is OFF
- 2. 128×64 Display Mode
- 3. Normal segment and display data column and row address mapping (SEG0 mapped to column address 00h and COM0 mapped to row address 00h)
- 4. Shift register data clear in serial interface
- 5. Display start line is set at display RAM address 0
- 6. Column address counter is set at 0
- 7. Normal scan direction of the COM outputs
- 8. Contrast control register is set at 7Fh
- 9. Normal display mode (Equivalent to A4h command)



4.4 Actual Application Example

Command usage and explanation of an actual example

<Initialization>



⁽¹⁾ \rightarrow V_{CC} Supplied Externally

⁽²⁾ \rightarrow V_{CC} Generated by Internal DC/DC Circuit

If the noise is accidentally occurred at the displaying window during the operation, please reset the display in order to recover the display function.



5. Reliability

5.1 Contents of Reliability Tests

Item	Conditions	Criteria
High Temperature Operation	70°C, 240 hrs	
Low Temperature Operation	-30°C, 240 hrs	
High Temperature Storage	80°C, 240 hrs	The operational
Low Temperature Storage	-40°C, 240 hrs	functions work.
High Temperature/Humidity Operation	60°C, 90% RH, 120 hrs	
Thermal Shock	-40°C ⇔ 85°C, 24 cycles 60 mins dwell	

* The samples used for the above tests do not include polarizer.

* No moisture condensation is observed during tests.

5.2 Lifetime

End	of lifetim	e is spec	fie <mark>d as</mark> :	50 <mark>% of</mark>	initial ł	o <mark>right</mark> ness re	eached.		
	Parame	ter	Min	Max	Unit		Conditio	n	Notes
Op	erating Li	fe Time	10,000	-	hr	100 cd/m^2	, <mark>50</mark> % Cl	neckerboard	6
St	orage Life	e Time	20,000	_	hr	$T_a = 2$	25°C, 50)% RH	-

Note 6: The average operating lifetime at room temperature is estimated by the accelerated operation at high temperature conditions.

5.3 Failure Check Standard

After the completion of the described reliability test, the samples were left at room temperature for 2 hrs prior to conducting the failure test at $23\pm5^{\circ}$ C; $55\pm15\%$ RH.



6. Outgoing Quality Control Specifications

6.1 Environment Required

Customer's test & measurement are required to be conducted under the following conditions:

Temperature:	$23 \pm 5^{\circ}C$
Humidity:	55 ± 15 %RH
Fluorescent Lamp:	30W
Distance between the Panel & Lamp:	≥ 50 cm
Distance between the Panel & Eyes of the Inspector:	≥ 30 cm
Finger glove (or finger cover) must be worn by the inspector.	
Inspection table or jig must be anti-electrostatic.	

6.2 Sampling Plan

Level II, Normal Inspection, Single Sampling, MIL-STD-105E

6.3	Criteria & Ac	ceptable Qua	ality Level				
	Partition	AQL		Definition			
	Major	0.65	Defects in Pa	tte <mark>rn Check (Dis</mark> pla	ay On)		
	Minor	1.0	Defects in Co	smetic Check (Dis	play Off)	

6.3.1 Cosmetic Check (Display Off) in Non-Active Area

Check Item	Classification	Criteria
Panel General Chipping	Minor	X > 6 mm (Along with Edge) Y > 1 mm (Perpendicular to edge)



Check Item	Classification	Criteria
Panel Crack	Minor	Any crack is not allowable.
Cupper Exposed (Even Pin or Film)	Minor	Not Allowable by Naked Eye Inspection
Film or Trace Damage	Minor	Not Allowable
Terminal Lead Broken	Minor	Not Allowable
Terminal Lead Prober Mark	Acceptable	

6.3.1 Cosmetic Check (Display Off) in Non-Active Area (Continued)



	Check Item	Classification	Criteria
	Terminal Lead Bent	Minor	NG if any bent lead cause lead shorting.
	(Not Twist or Broken)	Minor	NG for horizontally bent lead more than 50% of its width.
	Glue or Contamination on Pin (Couldn't Be Removed by Alcohol)	Minor	
	Ink Marking on Back Side of panel (Exclude on Film)	Acceptable	Ignore for Any

6.3.1 Cosmetic Check (Display Off) in Non-Active Area (Continued)



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Check Item	Classification	Criteria	
Any Dirt & Scratch on Polarizer's Protective Film	Acceptable	Ignore for not Affect the Polarizer	
Scratches, Fiber, Line-Shape Defect (On Polarizer)	Minor	$W \le 0.1$ $W > 0.1, L \le 2$ L > 2	Ignore $n \le 1$ n = 0
Dirt, Black Spot, Foreign Material, (On Polarizer)	Minor	$\Phi \le 0.1$ 0.1 < $\Phi \le 0.25$ 0.25 < Φ	Ignore $n \le 1$ n = 0
Dent, Bubbles, White spot (Any Transparent Spot on Polarizer)	Minor	$\Phi \le 0.5$ → Ignore if no In Display $0.5 < \Phi$	fluence on $n = 0$
Fingerprint, Flow Mark (On Polarizer)	Minor	Not Allowa	ble

6.3.2 Cosmetic Check (Display Off) in Active Area

- Protective film should not be tear off when cosmetic check.
- ** Definition of W & L & Φ (Unit: mm): $\Phi = (a + b) / 2$





6.3.3 Pattern Check (Display On) in Active Area

	Check Item	Classification	Criteria
	No Display	Major	
	Flicker	Major	Not Allowable
	Missing Line	Major	
	PixelShort	Major	
	Darker Pixel	Major	
	Wrong Display	Major	
	Un-uniform	Major	



7. Package Specifications



Item		Quantity		
Holding Trays	(A)	15	per Primary Box	
Total Trays	(B)	16	per Primary Box (Including 1 Empty Tray)	
Primary Box	(C)	1~4	per Carton (4 as Major / Maximum)	



8. Precautions When Using These OEL Display Modules

8.1 Handling Precautions

- 1) Since the display panel is being made of glass, do not apply mechanical impacts such us dropping from a high position.
- 2) If the display panel is broken by some accident and the internal organic substance leaks out, be careful not to inhale nor lick the organic substance.
- 3) If pressure is applied to the display surface or its neighborhood of the OEL display module, the cell structure may be damaged and be careful not to apply pressure to these sections.
- 4) The polarizer covering the surface of the OEL display module is soft and easily scratched. Please be careful when handling the OEL display module.
- 5) When the surface of the polarizer of the OEL display module has soil, clean the surface. It takes advantage of by using following adhesion tape.

* Scotch Mending Tape No. 810 or an equivalent

Never try to breathe upon the soiled surface nor wipe the surface using cloth containing solvent such as ethyl alcohol, since the surface of the polarizer will become cloudy.

Also, pay attention that the following liquid and solvent may spoil the polarizer:



6)

Hold OEL display module very carefully when placing OEL display module into the system housing. Do not apply excessive stress or pressure to OEL display module. And, do not over bend the film with electrode pattern layouts. These stresses will influence the display performance. Also, secure sufficient rigidity for the outer cases.



- 7) Do not apply stress to the LSI chips and the surrounding molded sections.
- 8) Do not disassemble nor modify the OEL display module.
- 9) Do not apply input signals while the logic power is off.
- 10) Pay sufficient attention to the working environments when handing OEL display modules to prevent occurrence of element breakage accidents by static electricity.
 - * Be sure to make human body grounding when handling OEL display modules.
 - * Be sure to ground tools to use or assembly such as soldering irons.
 - * To suppress generation of static electricity, avoid carrying out assembly work under dry environments.
 - * Protective film is being applied to the surface of the display panel of the OEL display module. Be careful since static electricity may be generated when exfoliating the protective film.



- 11) Protection film is being applied to the surface of the display panel and removes the protection film before assembling it. At this time, if the OEL display module has been stored for a long period of time, residue adhesive material of the protection film may remain on the surface of the display panel after removed of the film. In such case, remove the residue material by the method introduced in the above Section 5).
- 12) If electric current is applied when the OEL display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful to avoid the above.

8.2 Storage Precautions

 When storing OEL display modules, put them in static electricity preventive bags avoiding exposure to direct sun light nor to lights of fluorescent lamps, etc. and, also, avoiding high temperature and high humidity environments or low temperature (less than 0°C) environments. (We recommend you to store these modules in the packaged state when they were shipped from Univision Technology Inc.)

At that time, be careful not to let water drops adhere to the packages or bags nor let dewing occur with them.

If electric current is applied when water drops are adhering to the surface of the OEL display module, when the OEL display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful about the above.

8.3 Designing Precautions

- 1) The absolute maximum ratings are the ratings which cannot be exceeded for OEL display module, and if these values are exceeded, panel damage may be happen.
- 2) To prevent occurrence of malfunctioning by noise, pay attention to satisfy the VIL and VIH specifications and, at the same time, to make the signal line cable as short as possible.
- 3) We recommend you to install excess current preventive unit (fuses, etc.) to the power circuit (VDD). (Recommend value: 0.5A)
- 4) Pay sufficient attention to avoid occurrence of mutual noise interference with the neighboring devices.
- 5) As for EMI, take necessary measures on the equipment side basically.
- 6) When fastening the OEL display module, fasten the external plastic housing section.
- 7) If power supply to the OEL display module is forcibly shut down by such errors as taking out the main battery while the OEL display panel is in operation, we cannot guarantee the quality of this OEL display module.
- 8) The electric potential to be connected to the rear face of the IC chip should be as follows: SSD1306
 - * Connection (contact) to any other potential than the above may lead to rupture of the IC.



8.4 Precautions when disposing of the OEL display modules

1) Request the qualified companies to handle industrial wastes when disposing of the OEL display modules. Or, when burning them, be sure to observe the environmental and hygienic laws and regulations.

8.5 Other Precautions

- When an OEL display module is operated for a long of time with fixed pattern may remain as an after image or slight contrast deviation may occur. Nonetheless, if the operation is interrupted and left unused for a while, normal state can be restored. Also, there will be no problem in the reliability of the module.
- 2) To protect OEL display modules from performance drops by static electricity rapture, etc., do not touch the following sections whenever possible while handling the OEL display modules.
 - * Pins and electrodes
 - * Pattern layouts such as the FPC
- 3) With this OEL display module, the OEL driver is being exposed. Generally speaking, semiconductor elements change their characteristics when light is radiated according to the principle of the solar battery. Consequently, if this OEL driver is exposed to light, malfunctioning may occur.
 * Design the product and installation method so that the OEL driver may be shielded from light in actual usage.
 - * Design the product and installation method so that the OEL driver may be shielded from light during the inspection processes.
- 4) Although this OEL display module stores the operation state data by the commands and the indication data, when excessive external noise, etc. enters into the module, the internal status may be changed. It therefore is necessary to take appropriate measures to suppress noise generation or to protect from influences of noise on the system design.
- 5) We recommend you to construct its software to make periodical refreshment of the operation statuses (re-setting of the commands and re-transference of the display data) to cope with catastrophic noise.